

## POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3198, PQ3100







Now IEC61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class A compliant!\*

## Investigate power characteristics and analyze the causes of problems

Exceptional ease of use and international standard-compliant reliability





\*The new software update to V.2.00 now makes the device compliant to the IEC61000-4-30 standard.



- Extensive statistical analysis
- EN50160
- IEEE519 TDD
- GB Power Quality Statistics Report

# Maintain and manage power supplies and analyze problems more easily and reliably than ever before

## **POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3198 and PQ3100**

The critical importance of electrical power in today's society necessitates daily maintenance and management to ensure that problems don't occur. When they do, for example due to an equipment failure or abrupt surge in demand, engineers face the need to analyze the cause quickly.

The POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3198 and PQ3100 provide robust support for field personnel who need to analyze power characteristics in the form of measurement capabilities that reliably captures the full range of power anomalies and exceptional ease of use throughout the entire user experience, from connecting the instrument to recording data.



IEC61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class A

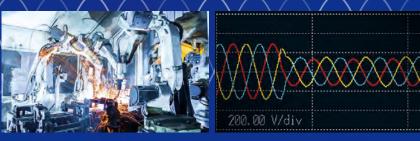
IEC61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class S

IEC 61000-4-30 Ed. 3 compliant

IEC61000-4-30 is an international standard that specifies methods for measuring power supply quality, Equipment certified as complying with this standard provides reliable and repeatable measurement results.







#### **Analyze equipment power problems**

Capture the full range of power supply anomalies, including momentary interruptions, voltage drops, and frequency fluctuations, while recording trends to help investigate the causes of unexpected equipment malfunctions and sudden stoppages.



#### Record quality data for power systems

Record fluctuations in voltage, current, power, harmonics, and flicker when connecting a highly variable system such as a renewable energy source or EV charging station to the grid. Easily analyze the data with the included PQ ONE software.



#### Measure AC/DC power

Use AC/DC auto-zero current sensors to measure DC current accurately over extended periods of time. Since the sensors are powered by the instrument, there's no need to set up a separate power supply.



#### High-end model

## Troubleshoot power supplies and verify power quality

## PQ3198



#### Applications



Investigate power supply anomalies

Investigate the causes of equipment failures and malfunctions, including issues that are difficult to identify, such as when a device causes a properly-functioning piece of equipment that is connected to the same power outlet to experience a voltage drop.



Verify the quality of power from a solar power system

Check fluctuations in the output voltage of a power conditioner in a solar power system along with flicker and transient voltages. You can also measure fluctuations in the frequency of the grid interconnection and fluctuations in the harmonic voltage and current components of the system's output.



Verify the quality of power supplied by an EV rapid charger

Since the PQ3198's fourth voltage channel is isolated from its first three voltage channels, the instrument can measure power and efficiency across two separate circuits. For example, you can verify the quality of the input (AC) and output (DC) of an EV rapid charger while simultaneously measuring power and

#### High-precision, wideband, broad-dynamic-range measurement

The PQ3198 delivers the high-end specifications and high reliability needed to capture the full range of power anomalies and analyze the underlying data with a high degree of precision.

#### International standard IEC 61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class A compliant



The PQ3198 complies with the IEC 61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class A standard. As a result, it can perform standard-mandated measurement tasks such as gapless, continuous calculation; detection of events such as swells, dips, and interruptions; and time synchronization using GPS (optional).

#### Basic measurement accuracy (50/60 Hz)

Voltage	±0.1% of nominal voltage					
Current	±0.1% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy					
Power	±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy					
Frequency	200ms: ±0.02Hz / 10s: ±0.003Hz					

Thanks to basic measurement accuracy that is among the best of any instrument in the industry, the PQ3198 offers high-precision measurement without the need to switch voltage ranges.

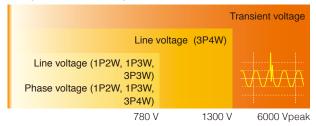
#### Class A

Part of the IEC 61000-4-30 international standard, Class A defines power quality parameters, accuracy, and standard compliance to facilitate the comparison and discussion of measurement results from different instruments.

#### High-voltage, wideband performance

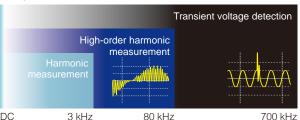
The PQ3198 can measure transient voltages of up to 6000 V lasting as little as 0.5 µs (2 MS/s). It can also measure high-order harmonic components from 2 kHz to 80 kHz. As inverters enter into widespread use, malfunctions and failures in that frequency band are becoming more common.

#### Voltage measurement range



The PQ3198 can measure voltages of all magnitudes using a single range.

#### Voltage frequency band



The PQ3198's wideband capability extends from DC voltages to 700 kHz.

#### Two-circuit measurement

Since the PQ3198's fourth voltage channel is isolated from its first three voltage channels, the instrument can measure power and efficiency across two separate circuits.

#### Applications

- Simultaneous measurement/monitoring of the primary (AC) and secondary (DC) sides of an EV rapid charger
- Simultaneous measurement/monitoring of the primary (DC) and secondary (AC) sides of a solar power system
- Simultaneous measurement of the primary (DC) and secondary (AC) sides of a DC/AC (3-phase) inverter
- Simultaneous measurement of the primary and secondary sides of a UPS
- Simultaneous measurement of power supply (AC) and control (DC) circuits
- Simultaneous measurement of a 3-phase line and a ground line
- Simultaneous measurement of a neutral line to detect ground \*For DC measurement, an AC/DC Auto-Zero Current Sensor is required



#### 400 Hz line measurement

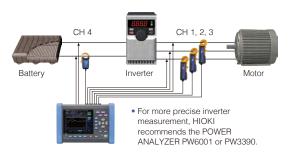
In addition to 50/60 Hz, the PQ3198 can measure a line frequency of 400 Hz.





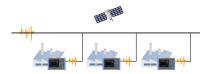
#### Simple inverter measurement

The PQ3198 can measure the secondary side of inverters with a fundamental frequency of 40 to 70 Hz and a carrier frequency of up to 20 kHz. It can also measure the efficiency of DC/3-phase inverters.



#### GPS time synchronization

The GPS OPTION PW9005 can be used to correct the instrument's internal time to UTC standard time. This capability eliminates any time difference between instruments to allow analysis that preserves the simultaneity of phenomena measured with multiple instruments.





#### Mid-range model

## Investigate power supply conditions and prevent problems

## **PQ3100**

## Features Simple setup with QUICK Record event waveforms of up to 11 sec. in duration 8 hours of battery operation 200 ms and 600 ms data save capability CAT III (1000 V)/CAT IV (600 V) Display event statistics Demand recording

**Applications** 



Investigate power supply conditions

Measure voltage fluctuations, equipment capacity, and harmonics before installing new electrical equipment. You can also check whether newly installed equipment is affecting other equipment by repeating those measurements after installation comparing the results.



Prevent power supply problems

Discover signs of impending problems by repeatedly measuring a component such as an elevator motor on a regular basis. Flexible current sensors make it possible to connect the instrument safely and easily, even in difficult settings involving double wiring, busbars, and crowded distribution boards.

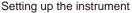


Perform load rejection testing of solar power systems

In load rejection testing, it's necessary to record transient changes in current and voltage when the system is taken offline. The PQ3100 can record anomalous waveforms for up to 11 seconds (1 second before and 10 after each event). Cursor measurement lets you verify peak values and duration as

#### QUICK SET: Easy-to-understand measurement guidance

Launch QUICK SET to navigate the connection and setup processes so you can get started recording quickly.

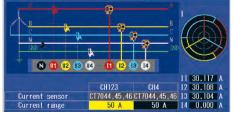


(example: 2-meter power measurement of a 3-phase/3-wire circuit)

Choose the connection type and connect the cables to the instrument.



Connect the voltage cables and current sensors to the circuit to be measured.



The instrument will perform an automatic wiring check and display the results.







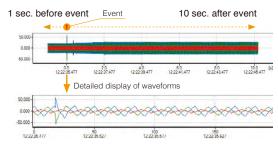


For example, you won't be able to measure power or power factor accurately if the clamp is oriented incorrectly.

You need only set the recording parameters and interval in order to start measurement. Recording parameters can be set simply by choosing a simple setup preset. (See page 8 for details.)

#### Recording of 11 sec. before and after events

The PQ3100 can record waveforms for up to 1 second before an anomaly and 10 seconds after. This capability is useful when you need to analyze waveforms before and after an anomaly, perform load rejection testing of a solar power conditioner, or verify that a piece of equipment has returned to normal operation.



#### Up to 8 hours of battery operation

The PQ3100 features an energy-saving design and a longlasting battery. The bundled rechargeable battery lets you continue measurement in the event of a power outage or take the instrument into the field to make measurements in locations where AC power is not available.



- Outdoors
- During power outages
  - Extended operation

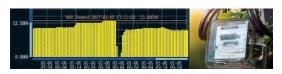
#### Display of event statistics

Check the number of times each type of event has occurred as well as the worst value for each.



#### Demand recording

Record power consumption over time.



Measurement functionality and data recording capabilities that ensure you'll capture the full picture with a single measurement

#### Capture power anomalies reliably with simple settings

The PQ3198 and PQ3100 can measure all parameters at once, including power, harmonics, and anomaly waveforms. The instruments also provide simple setup functionality for automatically configuring recording parameters for popular applications.

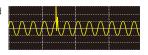
Extensive event parameters

Simple, one-touch setup

#### Capture power supply anomalies reliably

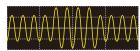
#### Transient voltages

Capture phenomena characterized by precipitous voltage changes and high peak values caused by lightning or circuit breaker or relay contact issues or tripping.



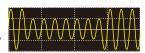
#### Voltage swells

Capture phenomena characterized by a momentary rise in voltage, for example due to lightning or power line switching.



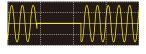
#### Voltage dips

Capture phenomena characterized by a short-duration drop in voltage when a large inrush current occurs, for example due to motor startup.



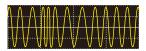
#### Interruptions

Capture phenomena characterized by a stoppage in the supply of power, for example when lightning interrupts power or when a power supply shortcircuit trips a circuit breaker.



#### Frequency fluctuations

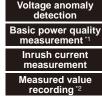
Capture frequency fluctuations caused when generator operation becomes unstable due to an abrupt increase or decrease in load.



#### Simple, one-touch setup

## Simple setup functionality for simplified configuration of recording parameters

Simply choose the preset that suits your application, and the instrument will automatically configure the recording parameters.



EN 50160

Capture voltage and frequency anomalies.

Augment the voltage anomaly detection preset by capturing current and harmonic anomalies as well.

Capture inrush current.

Record only time-series data

Perform measurement based on the EN 50160 standard.

\*1: PQ3198 only. \*2: This feature is known as "Trends only" for the PQ3100.

#### Automatic sensor detection to avoid erroneous measurement

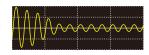
Simply connect current sensors, touch "Sensor" on the screen, and the instrument will automatically detect sensor types and maximum current ranges.



Connect sensors ▶
Touch "Sensor" for automatic identification

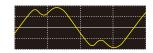
#### Inrush current

Capture phenomena characterized by a large current that flows momentarily when a device starts up upon receiving power, for example electric equipment and motors.



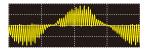
#### Harmonics

Capture phenomena characterized by distortions in voltage and current waveforms that are caused by semiconductor control devices.



#### High-order harmonics

Capture phenomena characterized by distortions in voltage and current waveforms caused by noise components from semiconductor control devices such as those used in electronic device power supplies.



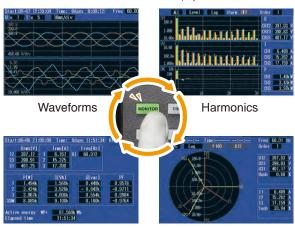
#### Unbalance

Observe voltage and current waveform distortion, voltage dips, and negative-phase-sequence voltage that occur when the loads connected to individual phases in a 3-phase power supply change or when unstable equipment operation increases the load on a specific phase.



#### Easy-to-understand display of parameters

Since you can switch the display to show all measurement parameters while measurement is underway, it's easy to check conditions. \*Screenshot shows the PQ3100 display.



RMS values

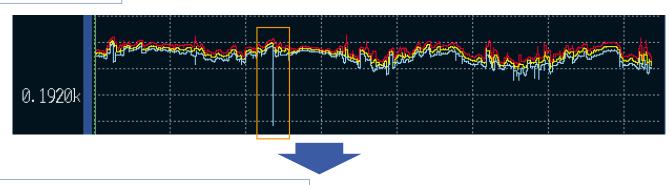
Vectors

### Simultaneously record event waveforms and trend graphs

Each time it makes a measurement, the PQ3198/PQ3100 records trend data for all parameters. When a power anomaly is detected, an event is recorded. Since the instrument records the maximum, minimum, and average values during the interval, you can rest assured that you won't miss peak values.

Extensive range of recording parameters

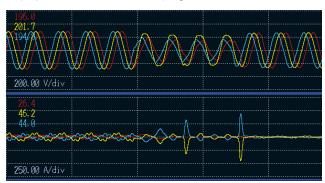
Example: Voltage dip



#### Simultaneous recording of waveforms and trend data

#### Event waveform

When an event occurs, the instrument records the instantaneous waveform for 0.2 seconds. Triggers can be set for all event parameters in parallel, and you can check recorded data on the display while measurement is in progress.



#### 30 sec. event fluctuation trend data

When a voltage swell, dip, or inrush current event occurs, the PQ3198/PQ3100 can simultaneously record 1/2 RMS value fluctuations for 30 seconds.



#### List of recording parameters

#### PQ3198 and PQ3100

- Transient voltage
- Voltage 1/2 RMS value
- Current 1/2 RMS value
- Voltage waveform peak
- Voltage DC
- Voltage RMS value (phase)
- Voltage RMS value (line)
- Swell
- oid •
- Interruption
- Instantaneous flicker value
- Current waveform peak
- Current DC
- Current RMS value

- Inrush current
- Frequency 1 wave
- Frequency 200 ms
- Frequency 10 s
- Active power Active energy
- Reactive power • Reactive energy
- Apparent power
- Power factor/ displacement power factor
- Voltage reversephase unbalance factor
- · Voltage zero-phase unbalance factor
- Current reversephase unbalance factor
- Current zero-phase unbalance factor

- Harmonic voltage
  - Harmonic current
  - Harmonic power
  - Inter-harmonic voltage
  - Inter-harmonic current
  - Harmonic voltage phase angle
  - Harmonic current phase angle
  - · Harmonic voltagecurrent phase difference
  - Voltage total harmonic distortion
  - Current total harmonic distortion
  - K factor IFC flicker
  - ΔV10 flicker

#### PQ3198 only

- Efficiency
- · High-order harmonic components

Apparent power

Active power

demand value

· Reactive power

demand value

Apparent power

demand value

demand value

Power factor

demand amount

Voltage waveform comparison

#### PQ3100 only

- Voltage CF
- · Rapid voltage change (RVC)
- Current CF
- · Electricity cost
- Apparent energy
- Apparent power
- demand amount Reactive power
- demand amount

Flicker

The PQ3198/PQ3100 can simultaneously measure and record three channels of  $\Delta V10$  or IEC flicker.



#### $\Delta$ -Y, Y- $\Delta$ conversion function

When measuring a 3-phase/3-wire (3P3W3M) circuit or a 3-phase/4-wire circuit, the PQ3198/ PQ3100 can switch between phase voltage and line voltage without changing the voltage connections.

## Shop for Power Metering products online at: www.PowerMeterStore.com 1.888.610.7664

## Designed to accommodate every possible application so that it's easy to use in all field settings

#### Clamp sensors for every application

## Flexible sensors: Easy installation in confined locations

Flexible current sensors provide a convenient way to measure double- and triple-wired power supplies and in confined locations, with capacities of up to 6000 A.



#### No need for an external power supply

Since sensor power is supplied by the instrument, there's no need for an AC adapter when using AC/DC sensors or flexible sensors.



## Auto-zero sensors: Stable measurement of DC power over extended periods of time

Auto-zero current sensors allow measurement of DC power over extended periods of time, eliminating the need to concern yourself with zero-point drift.



#### Wide array of ranges to accommodate all applications

Use HIOKI sensors in an array of applications to measure equipment ranging from the secondary side of CTs to high-current wiring. The CT7136 offers three ranges\* (5 A/50 A/500 A), as do HIOKI's flexible sensors (50 A/500 A/5000 A). Since the effective measurement range extends to 120% of the nominal range, flexible sensors can be used to measure currents of up to 6000 A. \*PQ3100 (PQ3198: 2 ranges [50 A/500 A]).



Delivering both safety and high accuracy

#### Exceptional safety

The PQ3100 supports CAT III (1000 V\*) and CAT IV (600 V) situations, so it can safely measure service drops and distribution panels with a terminal-to-ground voltage of up to 1000 V.  $^*$ PQ3100 only (PQ3198: CAT IV [600 V]).



#### High accuracy

The PQ3198 complies with IEC 61000-4-30 Ed. 3 Class A, and the PQ3100 with IEC 61000-4-30 Class S, ensuring both instruments' ability to deliver highly reliable, high-precision measurement.

	PQ3198	PQ3100
Voltage RMS value accuracy	±0.1% of nominal voltage	±0.2% of nominal voltage
Swell/dip/interruption	±0.2% of nominal voltage	±0.3% of nominal voltage

#### Convenient tools

#### When it's hard to clip leads to terminals

In locations where it's hard to attach alligator clip-style leads to metal terminals, you can replace the tips of the voltage cords with magnetic adapters so that you can more easily detect the voltage.



Magnetic adapters are easy to affix to terminals in confined locations.

#### Magnetic design (diameter: 11 mm)



Magnetic adapters Red: 9804-01 Black: 9804-02

#### Secure the PQA to the side of a distribution panel

Use two heavy-duty magnetic straps to attach the instrument to the side or door of a distribution panel.



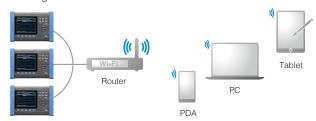
Magnetic straps can also be used to help keep voltage cords from coming loose.

Magnetic straps Heavy-duty type: Z5020 Standard type: Z5004

### Extensive range of interfaces

#### Remote control via Ethernet

Use the PQ3198/PQ3100's HTTP server function to configure and monitor the instrument from a browser. You can also download data using the instrument's FTP server function.



#### Email notification function\*

The instrument can send emails when an event occurs or at a regular time every day. \*PQ3100 only



#### Transfer data to a logger wirelessly\*

Pair a data logger (that supports LR8410 Link) to the instrument via Bluetooth® wireless technology to transfer measured values for up to six parameters to the logger. In this way, you can use a single data logger to aggregate measurement data from multiple locations.



\*PQ3100 only. Connection requires a serial-Bluetooth® wireless technology conversion adapter as recommended by HIOKI. Please contact your HIOKI distributor for more information.

## Extended recording times supports permanent installation

#### Extended recording to an SD memory card

The PQ3198/PQ3100 can record time-series data and event waveforms to an SD memory card. Choose from 2 GB and 8 GB cards.

#### PQ3198 recording times (when using a 2 GB SD card)

Recording interval	All parameters	Power and harmonics	Power only	Event recording
1 sec.	16 hr.	23 hr.	11 days	Yes
3 sec.	2 days	3 days	34 days	Yes
15 sec.	10 days	14 days	24 weeks	Yes
30 sec.	21 days	29 days	49 weeks	Yes
1 min.	42 days	8 weeks	1 year	Yes
5 min.	30 weeks	42 weeks	1 year	Yes
10 min.	1 year	1 year	1 year	Yes
	:	:	:	:

#### PQ3100 recording times (when using a 2 GB SD card)

Recording interval	Without har- monics	With harmonics	Event record- ing
200 ms	25 hours	No	No
1 sec.	5 days	7 hours	Yes
2 sec.	10 days	14 hours	Yes
10 sec.	53 days	2 days	Yes
1 min.	321 days	17 days	Yes
10 min.	1 year	178 days	Yes
30 min.	1 year	1 year	Yes
	:	:	:

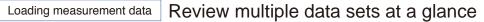




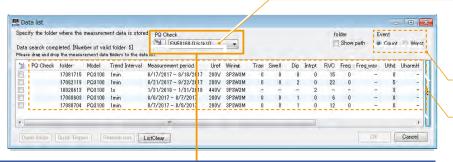
## Analyze data and generate reports with HIOKI's PQ ONE power quality analysis software

Standard accessory

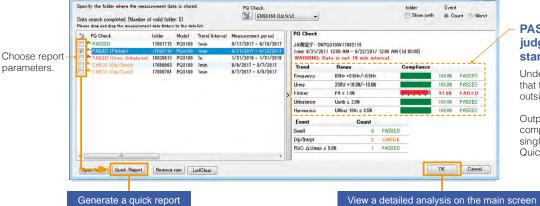
Download the latest version from HIOKI's website for free. Sample data from actual instruments is also available for download.



Group data from different measurement locations, times, and dates into folders and view them together.



Example: Using PQ Check to assess whether a given set of data complies with the EN 50160 standard



#### PASS/FAIL judgments for the standard

PQ Check function

Automatically check data

to see if it complies with power quality standards.

(Thresholds can be customized.)

Toggle the display

list of loaded data.

between event counts and worst values.

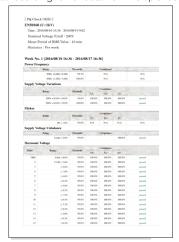
Display event status and other information in the

Understand at a glance that the flicker value falls outside the standard.

Output FAIL (noncompliant) data with a single click using the Quick Report function.

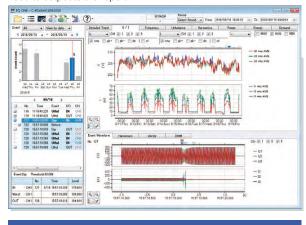
Simple report creation Quick Report function

Group together trend graphs for multiple data sets and output them as a report. This feature is useful when you wish to compare dates from a repeat recording run or data from multiple locations.



Detailed analysis Display a list of analytical data

Display detailed measurement data, including event statistics, an event list, and event graphs. Simply choose the parameters you need to output to the report.



See pages 13 to 15 for more information.

## PQ ONE main screen Display a list of detailed information for an individual data set



- Select data to load
  - Load a new data set or choose the most recently used data set.
- 2 Option settings

Configure options such as display parameters, language, and cache files.

3 Verify settings at the time of measurement

Display the status screen with information such as the instrument settings that were in effect at the time of measurement.

4 Report creation

Generate detailed reports with trend and event information.

5 CSV file conversion

analysis based on standards.

Output trends and event waveforms as a CSV-format file.

6 Statistical values and standard values
Display statistical values and perform evaluations and

- User manual and version information Review the PQ ONE user manual and software version.
- Measured value trend graph Zoom in and out or use the cursor to display measured values.
- Trend graph display interval
   Set the interval for which to display trend data on the coron
- Set the interval for which to display trend data on the screen.
- Event statistics and ITIC curve Display bar graphs with data such as the number of events that occurred
- Event list Display information including the event type, time, duration, and channel.
- Detailed event data Display detailed information about the event selected in the event list.

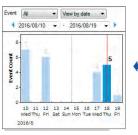
#### Features shared by the PQ3198 and PQ3100

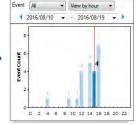
Analyze data and generate reports with PQ ONE power quality analysis software

#### Examples of the types of analyses that can be performed with PQ ONE

#### Event statistics

Display statistics about events by date or time. This feature makes it easy to discover anomalies that occur at particular times of day or on particular days of the week. In addition, you can perform ITIC (CBEMA) curve analyses (using tolerance curves), which are used by power quality management standards in the U.S.





Date-based statistics

Time-based statistics

#### Event list

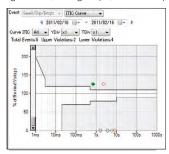
Display statistics about events by date or time of day. This feature makes it easy to discover power supply anomalies that occur at particular times of day or on particular days of the week.

	No.	Time	Event	I/O	CH
+	116	11:18:40.225	Uthd	IN	CH3
+	119	11:18:40,825	Uthd	OUT	CH3
+	127	15:57:19.238	Dip	IN	CH3
-	128	15:57:19.318	Dip	OUT	CH1
	128	15:57:19.268	Uthd	IN	CH1
	128	15:57:19.268	Uthd	IN	CH2
1	128	15:57:19.268	Uthd	IN	CH3
+	129	15:57:19.469	Uthd	OUT	CH1

Click the event statistics bar graph to display the event list

#### ITIC curve

Perform ITIC (CBEMA) curve analyses (using tolerance curves), which are used by power quality management standards in the U.S. This feature lets you display the event duration and worst values for voltage swells, voltage dips, and interruptions.



Example ITIC curve screen

#### Trend graphs

Display voltage, current, frequency, harmonics, unbalance factor, power, energy, and other data as a time series. Set the display range as desired on the screen and output reports with the shown data. PQ ONE can generate a demand display for the PQ3198, even though that model does not include demand measurement.

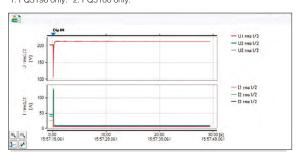


Choose the measurement parameter, channel, or max./min./avg. value.

#### Event details

Analyze 200 ms event waveforms, including waveforms, harmonics, vector, and numerical displays. You can also display 30 sec. event fluctuation data, transient waveforms, high-order harmonic waveforms<sup>-1</sup>, high-order harmonic frequency analysis data<sup>-1</sup>, and 11 sec. waveforms preceding events<sup>-2</sup>.

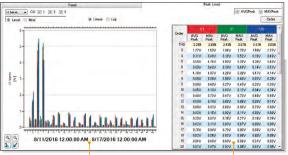
\*1: PQ3198 only. \*2: PQ3100 only.



Example voltage dip screen (30 sec. event fluctuation data)

#### Peak level display

Display a bar graph showing peak values during the voltage harmonic or current harmonic trend display interval. You can check average peak and maximum peak measured values for the period of time selected with the cursor to the right of the graph.

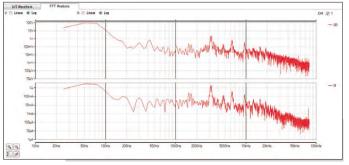


Peak level detection interval

Average peak and maximum peak details

#### High-order harmonics and frequency analysis display\*

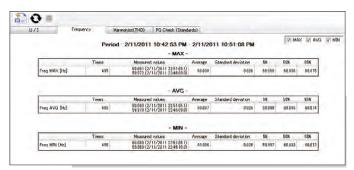
Display high-order harmonic event waveforms (2 to 80 kHz) and associated frequency analysis data. By displaying the frequency analysis, you can determine the frequency band in which noise is occurring. \*PQ3198 only.



Example high-order harmonics and frequency analysis screen

#### Statistics display function

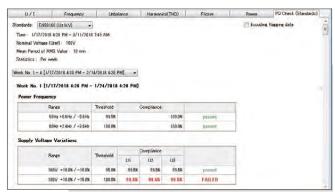
Present statistical data for voltage, current, frequency, harmonics, flicker and other parameters on the Statistics screen. You can also see the maximum and minimum (with time of occurrence), average, 5%, 50%, or 95% of the value (default values, user settable) of any selected parameter.



Example frequency screen

#### EN 50160 judgment function

Evaluate whether data complies with the EN 50160 standard by analyzing it and generating a judgment based on voltage fluctuations during the trend interval. You can also customize the judgment criteria and parameters.



Display detailed settings and judgment results

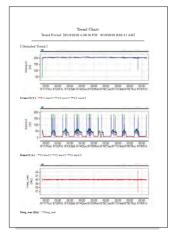
#### Report creation

Automatically generate reports in Microsoft Word\* by simply selecting the necessary data categories. Add comments as required.

\*Microsoft Word is a product of Microsoft Corporation.



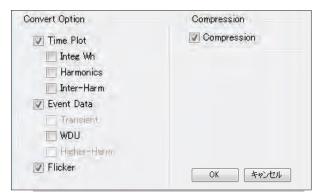
Choose report parameters



Output a report with only the necessary data

#### CSV conversion and PQDIF output function

Output CSV and PQDIF format files for the parameters you choose. PQDIF format files can also be uploaded to the software.



PQDIF output settings screen

## Compute TDD (Total Demand Distortion) based on the IEEE519 standard

Calculate TDD using PQ ONE

$$TDD_I = \sqrt{I_2^2 + I_3^2 + \dots + I_{49}^2 + I_{50}^2} / I_L$$

I,: Maximum current demand (configure in PQ ONE)

### Display language

Choose from English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Turkish, Japanese, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, and Korean.



Choose "Automatic" to use the Windows language.





Power maintenance
Power Quality
Analyzer

Power management
Energy
Consumption

Multi-channel temperature and signal recording

Temperature
Analog Input

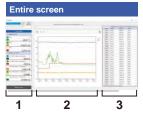
Simultaneously monitor all data in real-time

- Connect measuring instruments to PC with LAN cable Operation guaranteed for up to 30 units. Please contact your nearest Hioki distributor for connections exceeding 30.
- Software automatically recognizes
   LAN-connected measuring instrument
- Display acquired data as graphs in real-time
- Manage and save results with software
- List MAX, MIN and AVG values (Display time of MAX & MIN data)

Compatible instruments	Available iten	ns to monitor and save on PC	Number of items able to be saved	Recording time
POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3100, PQ3198	Voltage	Instantaneous value of each		
CLAMP ON POWER LOGGER PW3365	Current	interval; MAX, MIN, AVG value		When memory size of acquired data reaches to
CLAMP ON POWER LOGGER PW3360	Power	of each interval	Save up to 512 items  *Maximum 32 items when	64MB, data will be separated automatically [Continuous measurement]
MEMORY HILOGGER LR8450, LR8450-01	T	la stantan a sur unius	simultaneously displaying graphs	When storage capacity falls below 512MB,
WIRELESS LOGGING STATION LR8410	Temperature Analog Input	Instantaneous value of each interval	Similar and a state of the stat	measurement will stop

#### Get results from the job site in real-time

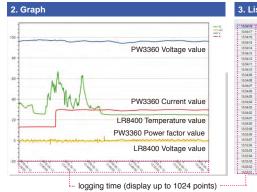
Present data from multiple sources as a graph or list together in real-time



- Monitor display (Max 512 items)

  Display each measured data in real-time
- 2. Graph display (Max 32 items)
  Display selected data as graphs
- List display (Max 32 items)Display selected data in list





	LR8402#17011875	LR8402#17011875	PW3360-11#
13/34/81	24.83 °C	0.4925 mV	96.04 V
13/54/17	24.83 °C	0.3805 mV	96.18 V
13:54:16		0.4395 mV	95.99 V
13:54:15	24.78 °C	0.2545 mV	96.17 V
13:54:14	24.72 °C	0.135 ml/	96.11 9
13/54/13	24.65 °C	0.0375 mV	96.24 V
13,54:12	24.57 °C	0.006 mV	96.15 V
13/54/11	24.57 °C	-0.118 mV	96.31 V
13:54:10	24.64 °C	-0.2875 mV	96.21 V
	24.61 °C	-0.5305 mlV	96.16 V
13:54:08	24.67 °C	-0.376 mV	96.32 V
13:54:07	24.71 °C	-0.581 mV	96.21 V
13:54:06	24.68 °C	-0.664 mV	96.52 V
13:54:05	24.73 °C	-0.6565 mV	96.23 V
13:54:04		-0.5305 m/V	96.39 V
13:54:03	24.79 °C	-0.612 mV	96.36 V
13:54:02	24.91 °C	-0.628 mV	96.40 V
13:54:01	24.86 °C	-0.4595 mV	96.35 V
13:54:00	24.8 °C	-0.4325 m/r	96.43 V
13:53:59	24.79 °C	-0.469 mV	96.50 V
13:53:58	24.81 °C	-0.433 mV	96.43 V
13/53:57	24.83 °C	-0.583 mV	96.39 V
13:53:56	24.82 °C	-0.4725 mV	96.53 V
13:53:55	24.84 °C	-0.4925 mV	96.23 V
13:53:54	24.88 °C	-0.51 mV	96.42 V
13/53/53	24.85 °C	-0.5345 mV	96.49 V
13:53:52	24.88 °C	-0.7005 mV	96.41 V
13/53/51	24.86 °C	-0.6125 mlV	96.57 V

#### Other functionality

#### LAN remote control function

The application displays a virtual instrument and allows you to control it directly with the mouse. You can also easily change instrument settings and control the instrument, for example to start and stop measurement.



#### LAN automatic file download function

This function lets you acquire data in real time on a PC, including data created when the instrument's trigger is activated and measurement files that are automatically generated on a daily basis. Example uses include capturing abnormal phenomena with an instrument installed in the field and automatically acquiring daily power consumption data on a PC.



#### **Download GENNECT One**

HIOKI website > Technical Support > Drivers, Firmware, Software

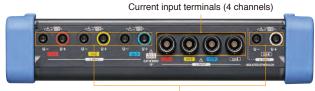
Model No. (Order code)

SF4000 Search

Enter the model number of any one of the compatible Hioki measuring instruments in the search field to download the software to get started!

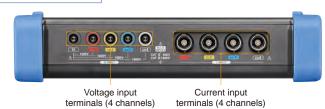
#### **Interfaces**



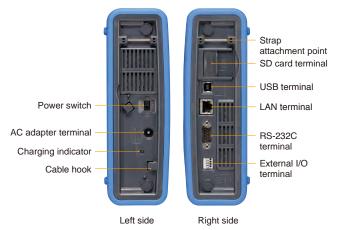


Voltage input terminals (4 channels; channels 1/2/3 and channel 4 are isolated from each other)

PQ3100 top



Shared features: Side



## Simple comparison chart

PQ3198 features
The PQ3198 offers
an extensive range
of event parameters.
This model is ideal
for use in
troubleshooting-
related measurement
since it can capture
a variety of power
supply anomalies.
Additionally, it can
measure power and
efficiency across two
circuits carrying
different voltages
(3-phase and DC,

#### PQ3100 features

etc.).

The PQ3100 offers the QUICK SET function, which makes it easy to generate reliable measurements. Additionally, it can record 11 sec. event waveforms, yielding extended waveforms when anomalies occur. It can also be used in applications such as load rejection testing of solar power systems.

Model		PQ3198	PQ3100			
IEC 61000-4-30	standard compliance	Class A	Class S			
Fundamental fr	equency	DC/50 Hz/60 Hz/400 Hz	DC/50 Hz/60 Hz			
Measurement li	nes	1-phase/2-wire, 1-phase/3-wire, 3-phase/3-wire, or 3-phase/4-wire + CH 4				
		Transient, swell, dip, interruption, freq	uency fluctuation, inrush current, THD			
Event parameters	Events that can be measured to capture anomalies	RMS values Voltage/current waveform peak Voltage waveform comparison Harmonics Unbalance factor Power	Rapid voltage change (RVC)			
	Transient voltage	2 MS/s 6 kV	200 kS/s 2.2 kV			
	Efficiency	CH 4 power calculation Efficiency calculation	N/A			
	High-order harmonics	2 kHz to 80 kHz	N/A			
		Power 2-circuit measurement	N/A			
	Power		er, power factor, displacement power factor, reactive energy			
Measurement parameters	Voltage		alculation), RMS value, waveform peak, DC p-phase), frequency (1-wave/200 ms/10 sec.)			
	Current	Inrush current (half-wave), RMS value, waveform peak, DC value, unbalance fac (reverse-phase/zero-phase), K factor				
	Harmonics	Oth order (DC) to 50th order, voltage/current/power, phase angle (voltage/current) voltage-current phase difference, total harmonic distortion (voltage/current)				
	Flicker	Pst, Plt, ΔV10 (3-channel s	imultaneous measurement)			
	Inter-harmonics	0.5th order to 49.5th order, voltage/current				
	Maximum number of recordable events	9999 events × 366 day repeat				
	Waveform acquired at time of event	200 ms				
Event measurement	Waveform acquired before event	2 waveforms	Max. 1 sec.			
	Waveform acquired after event	Max. 1 sec. (for 5 successive events)	Max. 10 sec.			
	Event statistics processing	N/A	Display of count for each event type and each day			
	CH 1/2/3 and CH 4 isolation	Yes	N/A			
Voltage measurement	Measurement accuracy	High accuracy: ±0.1% rdg.	±0.2% rdg.			
	Maximum rated terminal- to-ground voltage	600 V (CAT IV)	1000 V (CAT III) 600 V (CAT IV)			
Current	Measurement of 4 single-phase circuits	Yes	Yes			
easurement	Sensor power supply	Yes	Yes			
Timo corios	1 year recording	Yes	Yes			
Voltage measurement  Current measurement  Time-series measurement	Recording interval times	1 sec. to 2 hours	200 ms/600 ms/1 sec. to 2 hours			
Setup assistand	ce	Simplified setup function	QUICK SET (navigation-style assistance from connecting the instrument to the start of recording)			
Battery operation	on	3 hours	8 hours			

### **Specifications**

The following specifications apply when the PQ3198/PQ3100 is set to a measurement frequency of 50/60 Hz. For more detailed specifications, including for when the PQ3198 is set to 400 Hz.

Basic specifications	PQ3198	PQ3100
Number of channels	Voltage: 4 / Current: 4	<u>'</u>
Input terminal type	Voltage: Plug-in terminals (safety terminals) / Current: Dedicated	
Connections	Any of the following + additional input to CH 4: 1-phase/2-wire 1-phase/3-wire 1-phase/3-wire/1 vol	3-phase/3-wire/2 power meter 3-phase/4-wire/2.5 element 3-phase/4-wire/3 power meter *PQ3100 only 3-phase/4-wire
Input resistance	Voltage inputs: 4 MΩ / Current inputs: 100 kΩ	Voltage inputs: 5 M $\Omega$ / Current inputs: 200 k $\Omega$
Maximum input voltage	Voltage inputs: 1000 V AC, ±600 V DC, 6000 Vpeak	Voltage inputs: 1000 V AC/DC, 2200 Vpeak
Maximum rated terminal- to-ground voltage	600 V AC (CAT IV) with an expected transient overvoltage of 800	overvoltage of 8000 V
Sampling frequency	Parameters other than transient voltage: 200 kHz; transient voltage MHz	,
A/D converter resolution	Parameters other than transient voltage: 16 bits; transient voltage bits	
Display range	Voltage: 0.48 V to 780 V / Current: 0.5% to 130% of range  Power: 0.0% to 130% of range	Voltage: 2 V to 1300 V / Current: 0.4% to 130% of range
Effective measurement	Parameters other than above: 0% to 130% of range Voltage: 10 V to 780 V AC, peak of ±2200 V / 1 V to 600 V DC	Voltage: 10 V to 1000 V AC, peak of ±2200 V / 5 V to 1000 V DC
ranges	Vollage. 10 V 70 V AC, peak of ±2200 V 7 V 10 000 V DC Current: 1% to 120% of range, peak of ±400% of range Power: 0.15% to 130% of range (When voltage and current both fall within the effective measuremen	Current: 5% to 120% of range, peak of ±400% of range Power: 5% to 120% of range
Accuracy specification	ons	
Accuracy guarantee	Accuracy guarantee duration: 1 year	
conditions	Accuracy guarantee temperature and humidity range: 23°C ±5°C	
Temperature coefficient	0.03% f.s./°C (DC measurement, add ±0.05% f.s./°C)	0.1% f.s./°C
Common-mode voltage effects	Within 0.2% f.s. (600 Vrms AC, 50 Hz/60 Hz, between voltage inpenclosure)	enclosure)
External magnetic field effects	Voltage: Within ±3 V Current: Within 1.5% f.s. (400 Arms/m AC, in 50 Hz/60 Hz magne	Within 1.5% f.s. (400 Arms/m AC, in 50 Hz/60 Hz magnetic field)
Measurement param	eters	
Measurement parameters	Voltage 1/2 RMS value Current DC Appa Current 1/2 RMS value Current RMS value Power Voltage waveform peak Voltage DC Frequency 1 wave Voltage RMS value (phase/line) Frequency 200 ms Swell Frequency 10 sec. Curre Power Harm Interruption Active energy Harm	tive energy Inter-harmonic voltage Inter-harmonic current power Inter-harmonic current Inter-harmonic I
	Efficiency High-order harmonic components Voltage waveform comparison	Voltage CF Rapid voltage change (RVC) Current CF Electricity cost Apparent energy Active power demand amount* Active power demand value Apparent power demand value Apparent power demand value Apparent power demand value *Data output to SD memory card only
Measurement specifi	cations	
Transient voltage (Tran)	Detected based on waveform after the fundamental wave composite of the com	nent has been eliminated from the sampled waveform.  Measurement range: ±2.200 kVpeak Measurement band: 5 kHz (-3 dB) to 40 kHz (-3 dB) Measurement accuracy: ±5.0% rdg. ±1.0% f.s.
Voltage 1/2 RMS value (Urms1/2), current 1/2	Voltage 1/2 RMS value: Calculated as the RMS value for 1 sampl waveform that has been overlapped every half-wave.	
RMS value (Irms1/2)	Current 1/2 RMS value: Calculated as the RMS value every half-v Measurement accuracy Voltage: ±0.2% of the nominal voltage (for input of 10 V to 660 V) ±0.2% rdg, ±0.08% f.s. (for input other than above)	vave. Measurement accuracy
Swell (Swell), dip (Dip),	Current: ±0.3% rdg. ±0.5% f.s. + current sensor accuracy  Detected when the voltage 1/2 RMS value exceeds the threshold	Current: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy
interruption (Intrpt)	Measurement accuracy: Same as voltage 1/2 RMS value Fluctuation data: Voltage and current 1/2 RMS value data is save	
Rapid voltage change (RVC)	None	Detected when the 1-sec. average of voltage 1/2 RMS values exceeds the threshold; however, if the average is less than the dip threshold or greater than the swell threshold, the event is detected as a dip (or swell) rather than as an RVC.  Measurement accuracy: Same as voltage 1/2 RMS value ΔUss: Absolute difference between the 1-sec. average of voltage 1/2 RMS values immediately before the event and the first 1-sec. average of voltage 1/2 RMS values after the event [V]  ΔUmax: Absolute maximum difference between all voltage 1/2 RMS values during the event and the 1-sec. average of voltage 1/2 RMS values immediately before the event [V]  Fluctuation data: Voltage and current 1/2 RMS value data is saved.
Inrush current (Inrush)	Same as current 1/2 RMS value. Inrush current is detected when setting is exceeded in the positive direction. Measurement accuracy: Same as current 1/2 RMS value Fluctuation data: Current 1/2 RMS Value data	the Calculated as the current RMS value for data obtained by sampling the current waveform every half-wave. Inrush current is detected when the setting is exceeded in the positive direction.  Measurement accuracy: ±0.3% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. + current sensor accuracy Fluctuation data: Voltage 1/2 RMS value data and inrush current RMS value data are saved.
Voltage RMS value (Urms), current RMS value (Irms)	Measured using a 200 ms aggregate.  Measurement accuracy  Voltage: ±0.1% of the nominal voltage (for input of 10 V to 660 V)  ±0.2% rdg. ±0.08% f.s. (input other than above)  Current: ±0.1% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy	Measured using a 200 ms aggregate. Measurement accuracy
Voltage DC value (Udc), current DC value (Idc)	Average of 200 ms aggregate values (calculated using CH 4 onl Measurement accuracy Voltage: ±0.3% rdg. ±0.08% f.s. Current: ±0.5% fdg. ±0.5% f.s. + current sensor accuracy	/) Average of 200 ms aggregate values Measurement accuracy Voltage: ±0.3% rdg, ±0.1% f.s. Current: ±0.5% rdg, ±0.5% f.s. + current sensor accuracy

Measurement specifications		PQ3198		PQ3100		
Voltage waveform peak (Upk), current waveform			Maximum and min Measurement rang	imum points in sampled data within 200 ms aggregate		
peak (lpk)	Voltage: ±1200.0 V	/pk	Voltage: ±2200.0	/pk		
	Current: 400% curr Measurement accu		Current: 400% current range Measurement accuracy			
	Voltage: 5% of the	nominal voltage (for input of 10% to 150% of the	Voltage: 5% of the	nominal voltage (for input of 10% to 150% of the		
	nominal vo	oltage) or input other than above)	nominal v 2% f.s. (fo	oltage) or input other than above)		
	Current: 5% rdg. (f	or input of at least 50% f.s.)	Current: 5% rdg. (f	for input of at least 50% f.s.)		
Voltage waveform	· ·	r input other than above) nod: A judgment area is automatically generated	2% f.s. (for input other than above)  None			
comparison	Ivieasurement meti	based on the previous 200 ms aggregate	None			
		waveform and compared with the judgment waveform to trigger events. Waveform judgment				
		is performed for one 200 ms aggregate at a time.				
	Comparison windo	w width: 10 waves (for 50 Hz input) or 12 waves (for 60 Hz input)				
	Number of window	points: 4096 points synchronized with harmonic calculations				
Voltage CF value (Ucf),	None	Calculations	Calculated from th	e voltage RMS value and voltage waveform peak		
current CF value (Icf)			value.			
Frequency 1 wave (Freq_wav)		reciprocal of the cumulative time of the whole cycles thurday: ±0.200 Hz or less	at occur during the	duration of a single wave on voltage CH 1.		
Frequency 200 ms		reciprocal of the cumulative time of the whole cycles the	nat occur during 200	) ms on voltage CH 1.		
(Freq)	Measurement accu	uracy: ±.0.020 Hz or less				
Frequency 10 sec. (Freg10s)		reciprocal of the cumulative time of the whole cycles the		<u> </u>		
(1104103)	Measurement accu	uracy: ±0.003 Hz or less (45 Hz or more) ±0.010 Hz or less (less than 45 Hz)	Measurement acci	uracy: ±0.010 Hz or less		
Active power (P),	Active power	Measured every 200 ms.	Active power	Measured every 200 ms.		
apparent power (S), reactive power (Q)	Apparent power	Calculated from the voltage RMS value and the current RMS value.	Apparent power	RMS value calculation: Calculated from the voltage RMS value and the current RMS value.		
cactive power (Q)		current rivio value.		Fundamental wave calculation: Calculated from the		
				fundamental wave active power and the fundamenta wave reactive power.		
	Reactive power	Calculated from the apparent power S and the active	Reactive power	RMS value calculation: Calculated from the apparent		
		power P.		power S and the active power P. Fundamental wave calculation: Calculated from the		
	Massurament agai	TOO!	fundamental wave voltage and current.  Measurement accuracy			
	Measurement accu Active power	DC: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.5% f.s. + current sensor	Active power	uracy DC: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.5% f.s. + current sensor		
	,	accuracy (CH 4 only)		accuracy		
		AC: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy		AC: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor accuracy		
		Power factor effects: 1.0% rdg. or less (for input from 40 Hz to 70 Hz with a power factor of 0.5)		Power factor effects: 1.0% rdg. or less (for input fron 40 Hz to 70 Hz with a power factor of 0.5)		
		±1 dgt. relative to calculation from measured values		±1 dgt. relative to calculation from measured values		
	Reactive power	During RMS value calculation: ±1 dgt. relative to calculation from measured values	Reactive power	During RMS value calculation: ±1 dgt. relative to calculation from measured values		
		Calculation non-moadared values		During fundamental wave calculation: For		
				fundamental frequencies of 45 Hz to 66 Hz ±0.3% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + current sensor		
				specifications (reactive factor = 1)		
				Reactive factor effects: 1.0% rdg. or less (for input from 40 Hz to 70 Hz with a power factor of 0.5)		
Efficiency (Eff)	Measurement meth		None	,		
		e ratio of the active power values for the channel pair. curacy: ±0.1 dgt. relative to calculation from				
	measured values					
Active energy (WP+,			Measurement accu			
WP-), reactive energy (WQ_LEAD),		alculated separately from the active power for onsumption and regeneration.	Reactive energy:	ctive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.		
apparent energy (WS)	Reactive energy:	Integrated separately from the reactive power for lag and lead.	Apparent energy	: Apparent power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. *PQ3100 only		
	Apparent energy	: Integrated from the apparent power. *PQ3100 only	Cumulative time	accuracy: ±10 ppm		
Energy cost (Ecost)	None			tiplying active energy (consumption) (WP+) by the		
			electricity unit cost Measurement acc	t (/kwn). uracy: ±1 dgt. relative to calculation from measured		
			values			
Power factor (PF), displacement power		er factor (DPF): Calculated from the fundamental wave ulated from the apparent power S and the active powe		reactive power.		
factor (DPF)	Displacement pow	er factor measurement accuracy				
		roltage of 100 V or greater and current of 10% of the rate that power factor = 1: $\pm 0.05\%$ rdg.; when $0.8 \le displace$		r < 1: ±1.50% rdg.; when 0 < displacement power		
		- $\cos(\varphi + 0.2865)/\cos(\varphi)) \times 100\%$ rdg. + 50 dgt. (refere-current phase difference	rence value), where	$\phi$ represents the 1st-order display value for the		
		sensor phase accuracy to each.				
Demand amount	PQ3198	PQ3100				
	Can be calculated		es are recorded but	not displayed.)		
	using PQ ONE.	Measurement accuracy Active power demand amount (Dem_WP+, De				
			AG, Dem_WQ_LEAD	)): Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.		
		Cumulative time accuracy: ±10 ppm ±1 sec.				
Demand value	Can be calculated		), reactive power de	emand value (Dem_Q_LAG, Dem_Q_LEAD), apparent		
	using PQ ONE.	power demand value (Dem_S)  Average power values are measured during ea	ch interval.			
		Measurement accuracy: ±1 dgt. relative to calc	ulation from measu			
Power factor demand value measurement	N/A	Calculated from the active power demand value (Dem_Q_LAG).	e (consumption) (De	em_P+) and the reactive power demand value (lag)		
specifications		Measurement accuracy: ±1 dgt. relative to calc	ulation from measu	red values		
(Dem_PF)	\/-lt		-1	-t (/ ll- 0)		
Unbalance factor		factor, reverse-phase unbalance factor (Uunb), zero-				
	phases.					
	Measurement accu		Defined accuracy:			
		factor, reverse-phase current unbalance factor (lunb) (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and 3-phase/4-wire circuits, calc				
	phases.	,		- p		

Measurement specifications		PC	Q3198			PC	Q3100		
Harmonic voltage (Uharm), harmonic	Measurement a	ccuracy			Measurement accuracy Voltage				
current (Iharm)	Oth orde	er: ±0.3% rdg. ±0.0 er: ±5% rdg.	18% f.s.		0th orde	er: Same as voltage er: Same as voltage			
		er: ±5% rdg. (for inpu ccuracy	t of at least 1% of the	nominal input voltage)		er: ±10% rdg. (for inpu ccuracy		nominal input voltage)	
	1st to 20th orde	er: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.5 er: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2	% f.s. + current se	ensor accuracy	1st to 20th orde	er: Same as current er: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2	% f.s. + current se		
		21st to 50th order: ±1.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. + current sensor accuracy 21st to 30th order: ±1.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. + current sensor accuracy 31st to 40th order: ±2.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. + current sensor accuracy 41st to 50th order: ±3.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. + current sensor accuracy						sor accuracy	
Harmonic power (Pharm)	Measurement a	ccuracy		ell as the sum of valu					
	1st to 20th or	rder: ±0.5% rdg. ± rder: ±0.5% rdg. ± rder: ±1.0% rdg. ±	0.2% f.s. + current	sensor accuracy		der: ±2.0% rdg. ±0 der: ±3.0% rdg. ±0			
Harmonic phase angle Harmonic voltage- current phase difference (Pphase)	Harmonic voltage Measurement a	ccuracy	1st order: ±1° 4	current phase angle 4th to 50th order: ±(0 Add current sensor a	$0.05^{\circ} \times k + 2^{\circ}$ ) (k				
Inter-harmonic voltage (Uiharm), inter-harmonic			nic component be	tween whole numbe	r-order harmonic	components follow	ving harmonic ana	lysis, from the 0.5th	
current (liharm)	Measurement a	ccuracy voltage (defined for	r harmonic input w	ith a nominal input	Measurement a	ccuracy voltage (defined for	r harmonic input wi	ith a nominal input	
	voltage of at lea Harmonic inpu Harmonic inp of the nomina	st 100 V)	nal input voltage or of the nominal inpu	greater: ±5.0% rdg.	voltage of 100 \ Harmonic inpu Harmonic inpo of the nomina	/ to 440 V)	nal input voltage or of the nominal inpu	greater: ±10.0% rdg.	
Voltage total harmonic distortion (Uthd), current total harmonic	THD-F: Total ha	rmonic distortion re rmonic distortion re armonic distortion re	elative to fundamer	ntal wave nonics, including fur	ndamental wave				
distortion (Ithd)	Measurement a	ccuracy: 0.5%		nonics, including fur age of 100 V to 440					
	Voltage 1st	order: 100% of nor	minal input voltage	/ 5th and 7th orders of 7th orders: 1% of	s: 1% of nominal	input voltage			
High-order harmonic voltage component	PQ3198							PQ3100	
(UharmH), high-order harmonic current		g the true RMS me		form obtained by eli for a 60 Hz fundame		damental wave con	nponent from 10	N/A	
component (IharmH)	Sampling freque	ency: 200 kHz	ave) or 12 waves (	or a ou fiz fulluarrie	iliai wave).				
	High-order ha	olisplay parameters High-order harmonic voltage component value: Voltage RMS value for the waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental wave component							
	High-order ha	wave component High-order harmonic current component value: Current RMS value for the waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental wave component							
	High-order ha	wave component High-order harmonic voltage maximum value: Maximum RMS value for the voltage waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental wave component for the interval extending from event IN to event OUT (leaving channel information)							
	High-order harmonic current maximum value: Maximum RMS value for the current waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental wave component for the interval extending from event IN to event OUT (leaving channel information)  High-order harmonic voltage component interval: Interval extending from high-order harmonic voltage component event IN to								
	event OUT		•			· ·			
	event OUT			nterval extending fro	m high-order har	monic current com	ponent event IN to		
	Measurement a		, ,	g. ±0.1% f.s. (define	nd for a 10 V sino	wayo at 5 kHz 10	kHz and 20 kHz)		
		rmonic current cor		g. ±0.1% f.s. (define				2)	
		rm, high-order harn	nonic waveform (8	000 points of data or	ver 40 ms starting	g after the first 200	ms aggregate to		
K factor (zoom factor) (KF)		•	rent RMS values fo	or the 2nd to 50th or	ders.				
Instantaneous flicker value measurement (Pinst)	As per IEC 61	000-4-15						150 01000 1.15	
IEC flicker (Pst·Plt)	Measurement a	ccuracy: Pst: ±5°	% rdg. (defined as	min., while Plt is cal Class F1 [PQ3198]	or Class F3 [PQ3	3100] performance	testing under IEC	61000-4-15)	
ΔV10 flicker (dV10)	ΔV10 1-minute v	/alues, 1-hour avera	age value, 1-hour n	curve are converted naximum value, 1-ho	ur 4th largest valu	ue, overall maximur	n value (during me	asurement interval)	
210	Vrms], and a flu Alarm: Set from	ctuation frequency 0.00 to 9.99 V to g	of 10 Hz) enerate contact ou	ndamental wave of a	value is exceede	ed during any giver	n minute.		
RMS value frequency characteristics	Frequency 40 Hz to 70 Hz	Voltage Defined by RMS value	Current Defined by RMS value	Power  Defined by RMS value	Frequency 40 Hz to 70 Hz	Voltage Defined by RMS value	Current Defined by RMS value	Power  Defined by active power	
	70 Hz to 360 Hz		±1% rdg. ±0.5% f.s.	±1% rdg. ±0.5% f.s.	70 Hz to 1 kHz	±3% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	±3% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	±3% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	
	440 Hz to 5 kHz	Defined by RMS value ±5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	Defined by RMS value ±5% rdg. ±0.5% f.s.	Defined by RMS value ±5% rdg. ±1% f.s.	1 kHz to 10 kHz 40 kHz	±10% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. -3 dB	±10% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. -3 dB	±10% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	
	5 kHz to 20 kHz 20 kHz to 50 kHz	±5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. ±20% rdg. ±0.4% f.s.	±5% rdg. ±0.5% f.s. ±20% rdg. ±0.5% f.s.	±5% rdg. ±1% f.s.					
	80 kHz	-3 dB	-3 dB						
Measurement setting	JS								
Current sensor and current range	See current sen	sor specifications.							
Power range		omatically based o	n the current range	e being used.					
VT ratio, CT ratio  Nominal input voltage	0.01 to 9999.99 50 V to 780 V in	1 V increments			50 V to 800 V in	1 V increments			
Frequency Selection of calculation	50 Hz / 60 Hz /		<u> </u>		50 Hz / 60 Hz		2		
method	Power factor: PI THD: THD-F / T	F / DPF HD-R evels / All content		Urms: Phase voltage / Line voltage PF/Q/S: RMS value calculation / Fundamental wave calculation THD: THD-F / THD-R Harmonics: All levels / All content percentages / Content percentages for U and P, levels for I					
Energy cost	N/A				Unit cost: 0.00000	to 99999.9 (per kwh)	/ Currency unit: 3 alp	hanumeric characters	
Flicker Filter	Pst, Plt / ΔV10 Select Pst or Plt	for flicker.			Pst, Plt / ΔV10 /	Off			
	230 V lamp / 12								

Recording settings	PQ3198	PQ3100				
Recording interval	1/3/15/30 sec., 1/5/10/15/30 min., 1/2 hr.,	200/600 ms, 1/2/5/10/15/30 sec., 1/2/5/10/15/30 min., 1/2 hr., 150/180				
	150 (50 Hz)/180 (60 Hz)/1200 (400 Hz) cycle	cycle   *When set to 200/600 ms, harmonic data saving (except total harmonic				
		distortion and K factor), event recording, and copy key operation during recording are not available.				
Saving of screenshots	Off/On	recording are not available.				
	The display screen is saved as a BMP file for each recording interval. Mir					
Folder/file names	Not user-configurable	Set to either automatic or user-specified (5 single-byte characters).				
Event specifications	T					
Event detection method	The detection method for measured values for each event is noted in the External events: Events are detected by detecting a signal input to the EN Manual events: Events are detected based on operation of the MANUAL.	/ENT IN terminal.				
Synchronized saving of	Event waveforms: A 200 ms instantaneous waveform is recorded when	Event waveforms: A 200 ms instantaneous waveform is recorded when				
events	an event occurs.  Transient waveform: Instantaneous waveforms are recorded for 2 ms	an event occurs.  Transient waveform: Instantaneous waveforms are recorded for 1 ms				
	before the transient voltage waveform detection point and for 2 ms after the detection point.	before the transient voltage waveform detection point and 2 ms after the detection point.				
	Fluctuation data: RMS value fluctuation data is recorded every half-wave for the equivalent of 0.5 sec. before the event occurs	Fluctuation data: RMS value fluctuation data is recorded every half-wave for the equivalent of 0.5 sec. before the event occurs				
	and 29.5 sec. after the event occurs.	and 29.5 sec. after the event occurs.				
	High-order harmonic waveform: A 40 ms instantaneous waveform is recorded when a high-order harmonic					
	event occurs.					
Event settings						
Event hysteresis Timer event count	0% to 100% Off. 1/5/10/30 min., 1/2 hr.	Off, 1/2/5/10/15/30 min., 1/2 hr.				
Timer event count	Events are generated at the selected interval.	Events are generated at the selected interval.				
Waveforms before events	2 waves	Off (0 sec.) / 200 ms / 1 sec. The time for which to record instantaneous waveforms before events				
		occur can be set.				
Waveforms after events	Successive events: Off/1/2/3/4/5 The set number of events is repeated each time an event occurs.	Off (0 sec.)/200 ms/400 ms/1 sec./5 sec./10 sec. The time for which to record instantaneous waveforms after events occur				
		can be set.				
Other functionality						
Copying of screenshots	17 3	at: Compressed BMP				
Removal of SD card while recording data	Not supported	A messages is displayed if the user pressed the F key on the FILE screen while recording with a recording interval of 2 sec. or greater; the SD card can be removed once message is reviewed.				
Automatic detection of current sensors	When selected on the settings screen, connected sensors that support the HIOKI PL 14 connector are automatically detected.					
Processing in the event	t If the instrument is equipped with a BATTERY PACK Z1003 with a remaining charge, the instrument will switch automatically to battery power and					
of a power outage	continue recording. If no charged BATTERY PACK Z1003 is installed, measurement will stop (settings will be preserved), and the instrument will start recording again when power is restored. However, integrated values and other data will be reset.					
Interfaces						
SD memory card	Compatible cards: Z4001, Z4003	In the second se				
LAN	Remote operation via an Internet browser Manual downloading of data via the FTP server function	Remote operation via an Internet browser Manual downloading of data via the FTP server function Automatic transmission of data via the FTP client function Email notifications				
USB	USB 2.0 (Full Speed, High Speed), Mass Storage Class					
RS-232C	Synchronization of clock with GPS (when using GPS BOX PW9005)	Acquisition of measurement and settings data via communications commands LR8410 Link support				
External control	4 screwless terminals	4 screwless terminals				
	External event input, external start/stop, external event output (non-isolated), ΔV10 alarm	External event input, external event output (isolated), ΔV10 alarm				
General specification	ns					
Operating location	Indoor use, Pollution Level 2, elevations of up to 3000 m (Measurement	Indoor use, Pollution Level 2, elevations of up to 3000 m (Measurement				
	category is reduced to CAT III [600 V] at elevations in excess of 2000 m [6561.68 ft].)	category is reduced to CAT II [1000 V] or CAT III [600 V] at elevations in excess of 2000 m [6561.68 ft].)				
Operating temperature and humidity range	0°C to 30°C, 95% RH or less (non-condensing) 30°C to 50°C, 80% RH or less (non-condensing)	-20°C to 50°C, 80% RH or less (non-condensing)				
Storage temperature and humidity range	10°C greater than operating temperature and humidity range					
Dustproofness and	IP30 (EN 60529)					
waterproofness Standard compliance						
Standard compliance	Safety: EN 61010 EMC: EN 61326 Class A  Harmonics: IEC 61000-4-7, IEC 61000-2-4 Class 3					
,	Power quality: IEC 61000-4-30, EN 50160, IEEE 1159 Flicker: IEC 61000-4-15					
Power supply	AC ADAPTER Z1002 100 V to 240 V AC, 50 Hz/60 Hz; anticipated trans	sient overvoltage: 2500 V; maximum rated power: 80 VA (including AC				
	adapter) BATTERY PACK Z1003 Charging time: Max. 5 hr. 30 min.					
	Continuous battery operating time: About 3 hr.	Continuous battery operating time: About 8 hr.				
Internal management	N/A	4 MB				
Internal memory						
Maximum recording time	1 year					
Maximum recording time  Maximum number of	1 year 9999					
Maximum recording time  Maximum number of recordable events	9999					
Maximum recording time  Maximum number of	, and the second	Within ±0.5 sec./day (with instrument powered on and within operating				
Maximum recording time  Maximum number of recordable events  Time functions  Real time accuracy	9999 Auto-calendar, automatic leap year detection, 24-hour clock Within ±0.3 sec./day (with instrument powered on at 23°C ±5°C)	Within ±0.5 sec./day (with instrument powered on and within operating temperature range)				
Maximum recording time Maximum number of recordable events Time functions Real time accuracy Display	9999 Auto-calendar, automatic leap year detection, 24-hour clock Within ±0.3 sec./day (with instrument powered on at 23°C ±5°C) 6.5-inch TFT color LCD	temperature range)				
Maximum recording time  Maximum number of recordable events  Time functions  Real time accuracy	9999 Auto-calendar, automatic leap year detection, 24-hour clock Within ±0.3 sec./day (with instrument powered on at 23°C ±5°C)	temperature range) an / French / Italian / Spanish / Turkish / Polish				

### **Options** [\*1] PQ3198 only. [\*2] PQ3100 only.

Model				AC CURRENT SENSOR CT7131		AC CURRENT SENSOR CT7136		
Appearance						91		
Rated measured cu	ırrent	60 A AC			100 A AC	600 A AC		
Measurable wire dia	ameter	15	mm (0.59	9 in.) or less		46 mm (1.81 in.) or less		
Current range and combined amplitude accuracy (45 to 66 Hz) *Accuracy guaranteed up to 120% of range.		Current range Combined at 50.000 A 0.4% rdg. + 0.11 5.0000 A 0.4% rdg. + 0.22 500.00 mA 0.4% rdg. + 1.3%	2% f.s. 2% f.s.	100.00 A 0 50.000 A 0	e Combined accuracy .4% rdg. + 0.12% f.s. .4% rdg. + 0.14% f.s. .4% rdg. + 0.50% f.s. [*2]	Current range Combined accuracy 500.00 A 0.4% rdg. + 0.112% f.s. 50.000 A 0.4% rdg. + 0.22% f.s. 5.0000 A 0.4% rdg. + 1.3% f.s. [*2]		
Phase accuracy (45	5 to 66 Hz)	Within ±2°			Within ±1°	Within ±0.5°		
Maximum allowable to 66 Hz)	input (45	60 A continuous		13	0 A continuous	600 A continuous		
Maximum rated terr ground voltage	minal-to-	CAT III (300 V)				CAT III (1000 V), CAT IV (600 V)		
Frequency band								
Dimensions / weight / cord length		46 mm (1.81 in.) (W) × 135 mm (5.31 in.) (H) × 21 mm (0.83 in.) (D) / 190 g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)			78 mm (3.07 in.) (W) × 152 mm (5.98 in.) (H) × 42 mm (1.65 in.) (D) / 350 g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)			
Model		AC FLEXIBLE CURRENT SENSOR CT7044		AC FLEXIBL CT7045	LE CURRENT SENSOR	AC FLEXIBLE CURRENT SENSOR CT7046		
Appearance								
Rated measured cu	ırrent				6000 A AC			
Measurable wire dia	ameter	100 mm (3.94 in.) or le	ss	180 m	m (7.09 in.) or less	254 mm (10.00 in.) or less		
Current range and combined amplitude accuracy (45 to 66 Hz) *Accuracy guaranteed up to 120% of range.		Current range Combined amplitude accuracy 5000.0 A/500.00 A 1.6% rdg. + 0.4% f.s. 50.000 A 1.6% rdg. + 3.1% f.s.						
Phase accuracy (45	5 to 66 Hz)	Within ±1.0°						
Maximum allowable to 66 Hz)	input (45	10,000 A continuous						
Maximum rated terr ground voltage	minal-to-	1000 V AC (CAT III), 600 V AC (CAT IV)						
Frequency band		10 Hz to 50 kHz (within ±3 dB)						
Dimensions / cord le	ength	Flexible loop cross-sectional diameter: 7.4 mm (0.29 in.) / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)						
Weight		160 g 180 g		190 g				
Model		AC/DC AUTO-ZERO CURRENT S CT7731	ENSOR	AC/DC AUTO- CT7736	ZERO CURRENT SENSOR	AC/DC AUTO-ZERO CURRENT SENSOR CT7742		
Appearance		1			<b>A</b>			
Rated measured cu	ırrent	100 A AC/DC		(	600 A AC/DC	2000 A AC/DC		
Measurable wire dia	ameter	33 mm (1.30 in.) or l		0 in.) or less		55 mm (2.17 in.) or less		
Current range and combined amplitude accuracy *Accuracy guaranteed up to 120% of range.	DC	Current range Combined at 100.00 A 1.5% rdg. + 1.0% 50.000 A 1.5% rdg. + 1.5% rdg. + 5.5% 10.000 A 1.5% rdg. + 5.5%	f.s. f.s. [*1]	500.00 A	e Combined accuracy 2.5% rdg. + 1.1% f.s. 2.5% rdg. + 6.5% f.s.	Current range Combined accuracy 5000.0 A 2.0% rdg. + 0.7% f.s. [*1] 2000.0 A 2.0% rdg. + 1.75% f.s. [*2] 1000.0 A 2.0% rdg. + 1.5% f.s. [*2] 500.00 A 2.0% rdg. + 2.5% f.s.		
	45 to 66 Hz	100.00 A 1.1% rdg. + 0.6% 50.000 A 1.1% rdg. + 1.1% 10.000 A 1.1% rdg. + 5.1%	f.s. [*1]		2.1% rdg. + 0.7% f.s. 2.1% rdg. + 6.1% f.s.	5000.0 A [*1] I > 1800 A: 2.1% rdg. + 0.3% f.s. I ≤ 1800 A: 1.6% rdg. + 0.3% f.s. 2000.0 A 1.6% rdg. + 0.75% f.s. [*2] 1000.0 A 1.6% rdg. + 1.1% f.s. [*2] 500.00 A 1.6% rdg. + 2.1% f.s.		
Phase accuracy (45 to 66 Hz)		Within ±1.8°				Within ±2.3°		
Offset drift		Within ±0.5% f.s.			ithin ±0.1% f.s.	Within ±0.1% f.s.		
Maximum allowable to 66 Hz)		100 A continuous		60	0 A continuous	2000 A continuous		
Maximum rated terr ground voltage	minal-to-	600 V AC/DC (CAT IV	′)		1000 V AC/DC (CAT III)	, 600 V AC/DC (CAT IV)		
Frequency band				DC to 5 kHz (-3 dB)				
Dimensions / weight / cord length		58 mm (2.28 in.) (W) × 13 (5.20 in.) (H) × 18 mm (0.51 250 g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft	in.) (D) /	(6.30 in.) (H	.52 in.) (W) × 160 mm ) × 34 mm (1.34 in.) (D) / g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)	64 mm (2.52 in.) (W) × 195 mm (7.68 in.) (H) × 34 mm (1.34 in.) (D) / 510 g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)		

Model	AC LEAK CURRENT SENSOR CT7116				
Appearance	Designed specifically for leak current measurement				
Rated measured current	6 A AC				
Measurable conductor diameter	40 mm or less (insulated conductor)				
Current range and combined amplitude accuracy (45 to 66 Hz)	Current range Combined accuracy 5.0000 A 1.1% rdg. + 0.16% f.s. 500.00 mA 1.1% rdg. + 0.7% f.s. 50.000 mA 1.1% rdg. + 6.1% f.s. [*2]				
Phase accuracy (45 to 66 Hz)	Within ±3°				
Frequency band	40 Hz to 5 kHz (±3.0% rdg. ±0.1% f.s.)				
Residual current characteristics	5 mA or less (for a pair of round-trip wires carrying 100 A)				
External magnetic field effects	5 mA equivalent, max. 7.5 mA (400 A/m, 50/60 Hz)				
Dimensions / weight / cord length	74 mm (2.91 in.) (W) × 145 mm (5.71 in.) (H) × 42 mm (1.65 in.) (D) / 340 g / 2.5 m (8.20 ft.)				

#### Option for connecting legacy current sensor models



#### CONVERSION CABLE L9910

Output connector conversion: BNC → PL 14

Use by connecting to one of the following legacy sensor models:

CLAMP ON SENSOR 9694/9660/9661/9669

AC FLEXIBLE CURRENT SENSOR CT9667-01/CT9667-02/CT9667-03 \*Conversion cable does not supply power to the sensor. CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9657-10/9675

#### **Current sensor options**



**EXTENSION CABLE L0220-01** 2 m (6.56 ft.)

**EXTENSION CABLE L0220-02** 5 m (16.50 ft.)

**EXTENSION CABLE L0220-03** 10 m (32.81 ft.)

#### **Voltage measurement options**

HIOKI provides quotations for voltage cord extensions, terminal connector conversions, and other options on a case-by-case basis. Please contact your HIOKI distributor for details



#### MAGNETIC ADAPTER 9804-01

Alternative tip for the L1000 series voltage cords, red ×1, φ11 mm (0.43 in)

#### MAGNETIC ADAPTER 9804-02

Alternative tip for the L1000 series voltage cords, black ×1, φ11 mm (0.43 in)



#### GRABBER CLIP L9243

Alternative tips for the L1000 series voltage cords

#### OUTLET TEST LEAD L1020

For Japan (3-prong, P/N/E), 2 m (6.56 ft) length,

#### Interfaces



SD MEMORY CARD 2GB Z4001

proper operation is not quaranteed.

2 GB capacity



SD MEMORY CARD Z4003 8 GB capacity

9637

RS-232C CABLE

9 pin - 9 pin, cross, 1.8 m (5.91 ft) length



### LAN CABLE 9642 Straight Ethernet cable,

supplied with straight to cross conversion adapter, 5 m (16.41 ft) length

#### Magnetic straps



MAGNETIC STRAP 75004

MAGNETIC STRAP Z5020 Extra strength

#### PQ3198 options



#### WIRING ADAPTER PW9000

When three-phase 3-wire connection, the voltage cord to be connected can be reduced from 6 to 3



#### WIRING ADAPTER PW9001

When three-phase 4-wire connection, the voltage cord to be connected can be reduced from 6 to 4



#### PATCH CORD L1021-01

Banana branch-banana, Red: 1, 0.5 m (1.64 ft) length, for branching from the L9438s or L1000s, CAT IV 600 V, CAT III 1000 V



#### PATCH CORD L1021-02

Banana branch-banana, Black: 1, 0.5 m (1.64 ft) length, for branching from the L9438s or L1000s, CAT IV 600 V, CAT III 1000 V



#### GPS BOX PW9005

To synchronize the PQ3198 / PW3198 clock to UTC

#### Carrying cases and waterproof boxes

**About SD memory cards** Be sure to use genuine HIOKI SD memory cards with

HIOKI instruments. Use of other SD memory cards may

prevent data from being properly saved or loaded as



**CARRYING CASE** C1009

Bag type, Includes compartment for options



CARRYING CASE C1001

Soft type, Includes compartment for options



**CARRYING CASE** C1002

Hard trunk type, Includes compartment for options



#### Standard accessories (also available for separate purchase)



#### Comes with the PQ3198

VOLTAGE CORD L1000 Red/Yellow/Blue/Gray each 1, Black 4, 3m (9.84ft) length, Alligator clip ×8



#### Comes with the PQ3100

VOLTAGE CORD L1000-05 Red/ Yellow/ Blue/ Gray/ Black each 1, 3 m (9.84 ft) length, Alligator clip ×5



AC ADAPTER Z1002 For main unit, 100 to 240



NiMH, Charges while installed in the main unit

#### **Models**

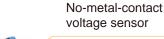
#### Product name POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3198

Model (order code)	PQ3198	PQ3198-92			PQ3198-94
		POWER QUALITY ANALYZER I  VOLTAGE CORD L1000 Color clips AC ADAPTER Z1002 Spiral tubes BATTERY PACK Z1003 Strap USB cable User manua			Q3198  Measurement guide PQ ONE (software CD) SD MEMORY CARD Z4001
Bundle contents	_	AC CURRENT SENSOR CT7136 (×4)			AC FLEXIBLE CURRENT SENSOR CT7045 (×4)
	_			/ AS	YING CASE C1009 H CORD L1021-02 (×3)

#### Product name POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PQ3100

Model (order code)	PQ3100	PQ3100-91	PQ3100-92	PQ3100-94		
		POWER QUALITY VOLTAGE CORD L10 AC ADAPTER Z1002 BATTERY PACK Z100 USB cable	Spiral tubes PQ ONE (software CD)			
Bundle contents	_	AC CURRENT SENSOR CT7136 (×2)	AC CURRENT SENSOR CT7136 (×4)	AC FLEXIBLE CURRENT SENSOR CT7045 (x4)		
	_	CARRYING CASE C1009 SD MEMORY CARD Z4001				

Related products







Check power quality with a no-metal-contact logger

## CLAMP ON POWER LOGGER **PW3365-20**

 Record maximum, minimum, average, and energy values by time interval for parameters including voltage, current, power, frequency, and harmonics.

## New, more easily clampable design





Clamp meters designed for exceptional ease of use

## CLAMP METER **CM4375-50, CM4141-50**

- Ascertain transient current when power equipment starts up.
- Simultaneously measure RMS values and maximum crest values for inrush current.

